

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

N2170010 0383104 DS WC SEALER

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : N2170010 0383104 DS WC SEALER**Product use** : This product is for test purposes only.**Supplier's details**

Akzo Nobel Pakistan Limited  
PO Box No. 273  
346 Ferozepur Road  
Lahore 54600  
Tel: 0092-42-35918585  
Fax : +92 42 3583 5011  
Customer.ContactCentre@akzonobel.com  
Customer Care: 0800-38589

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : Abida.Khatoon@akzonobel.com**Emergency telephone number** : 0800-38589**Version** : 1.01

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

**GHS label elements****Hazard pictograms** :**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements**

**General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## Section 2. Hazard identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P312 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.  
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

| Ingredient name     | %         | CAS number |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| xylene              | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1330-20-7  |
| n-butyl acetate     | ≥10 - ≤25 | 123-86-4   |
| ethylbenzene        | <10       | 100-41-4   |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ≤10       | 78-83-1    |
| Propan-2-ol         | ≤3        | 67-63-0    |
| toluene             | ≤0.3      | 108-88-3   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or doctor. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or doctor. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

## Section 4. First aid measures

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
|                     | symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.   |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or doctor. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or doctor. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Causes serious eye damage.  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>blistering may occur  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>stomach pains  |

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.   |
| <b>Specific treatments</b>        | : No specific treatment.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8.2 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| xylylene            | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b><br><b>[xylylene]</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
| n-butyl acetate     | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butyl acetates]</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| ethylbenzene        | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b><br><b>Ototoxicant.</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b><br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Propan-2-ol         | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b><br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.  |

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Not available.
- Odour** : Not available.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available. [DIN EN 1262]
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 108°C (226.4°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 4°C (39.2°F) [Pensky-Martens]
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Vapour pressure** :

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Ingredient name     | Vapour Pressure at 20°C |      |                | Vapour pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|---------------------|-------------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
|                     | mm Hg                   | kPa  | Method         | mm Hg                   | kPa | Method |
| Propan-2-ol         | 33                      | 4.4  | DIN EN 13016-2 |                         |     |        |
| toluene             | 23.17                   | 3.1  |                |                         |     |        |
| n-butyl acetate     | 11.25                   | 1.5  |                |                         |     |        |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | <12                     | <1.6 |                |                         |     |        |
| ethylbenzene        | 9.3                     | 1.2  |                |                         |     |        |
| xylene              | 6.7                     | 0.89 |                |                         |     |        |
| zinc distearate     | 0                       | 0    |                |                         |     |        |

**Relative vapour density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.009

**Density** : 1.009 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result                      |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| cold water | Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] |

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name     | °C     | °F    | Method  |
|---------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| n-butyl acetate     | 415    | 779   | EU A.15 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 415    | 779   |         |
| zinc distearate     | 420    | 788   |         |
| xylene              | 432    | 809.6 |         |
| ethylbenzene        | 432.22 | 810   |         |
| Propan-2-ol         | 456    | 852.8 |         |
| toluene             | 480    | 896   |         |

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 492 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (492 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 201 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (201 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Species                      | Dose                   | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate         | LD50 Dermal                       | Rabbit                       | >17600 mg/kg           | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Mouse                        | 1230 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Guinea pig                   | 4700 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Mammal - species unspecified | 4300 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Mouse                        | 6 g/kg                 | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Rabbit                       | 3200 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Rat                          | 10768 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Route of exposure unreported | Mammal - species unspecified | 1592 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LDLo Intramuscular                | Guinea pig                   | 2648 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LDLo Intraperitoneal              | Guinea pig                   | 1500 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Dermal                       | Rabbit                       | 3400 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Guinea pig                   | 1201 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Hamster                      | 1401 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Mouse                        | 544 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Mouse                        | 544 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Rabbit                       | 323 mg/kg              | -        |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | LD50 Intraperitoneal              | Rat                          | 720 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intravenous                  | Mouse                        | 417 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intravenous                  | Rat                          | 340 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Mouse                        | 3500 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Rabbit                       | 74.1 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                         | Rat                          | 2460 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LDLo Intravenous                  | Cat                          | 180 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LDLo Oral                         | Human                        | 428 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LDLo Oral                         | Rabbit                       | 3750 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LDLo Oral                         | Rabbit                       | 3750 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | TDL0 Eyes                         | Human                        | 72.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 mg   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 uL   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %           | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| n-butyl acetate         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| ethylbenzene            | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 mg  | -           |
| Propan-2-ol             | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 10 mg           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 mg | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg          | -           |
| toluene                 | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 0.5 minutes     | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | 100 mg          | -           |



## Section 11. Toxicological information

|  |                          |        |   |                 |   |
|--|--------------------------|--------|---|-----------------|---|
|  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 870 ug          | - |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 mg   | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Pig    | - | 24 hours 250 uL | - |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 435 mg          | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 mg  | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg          | - |

### Sensitisation

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene              | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| n-butyl acetate     | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Propan-2-ol         | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| toluene             | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
|                     | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs |
| toluene      | Category 2 | -                 | -              |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain<br>watering<br>redness  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>redness<br>blistering may occur  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>stomach pains  |

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

|                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Potential immediate effects</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Potential delayed effects</b>   | : Not available. |

#### Long term exposure

|                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Potential immediate effects</b> | : Not available. |
| <b>Potential delayed effects</b>   | : Not available. |

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>General</b>               | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>       | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <b>Mutagenicity</b>          | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <b>Reproductive toxicity</b> | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species  | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| xylene                  | Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water     | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water    | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult                               | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Carassius auratus   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water    | Crustaceans - Artemia salina   | 48 hours |
| n-butyl acetate         | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Danio rerio   | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours |

## Section 12. Ecological information

|                     |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| ethylbenzene        | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water<br>Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Marine water  | Fish - Menidia beryllina<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii  | 96 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours   |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1200000 µg/l Fresh water<br><br>Acute EC50 1439 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute EC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water<br><br>Acute EC50 1100000 µg/l Fresh water<br><br>Acute EC50 1460 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water<br>Acute LC50 1190000 µg/l Fresh water<br><br>Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water<br><br>Acute LC50 1460000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 1510000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 1430000 µg/l Fresh water<br>Chronic NOEC 4 mg/l Fresh water<br>Chronic NOEC 20 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - Larvae<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae<br>Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Larvae<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Crustaceans - Artemia salina<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate<br>Fish - Ictalurus punctatus<br>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>21 days<br>21 days<br>48 hours |
| Propan-2-ol         | Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate  | 48 hours   |
| toluene             | Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water   | Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha<br>Algae - Skeletonema costatum  | 96 hours<br>96 hours   |

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                  | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| n-butyl acetate         | 2.3                | -           | low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.6                | -           | low       |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | 1                  | -           | low       |
| Propan-2-ol             | 0.05               | -           | low       |
| toluene                 | 2.73               | 90          | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | UN     | IMDG   |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number                  | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group              | II     | II     |
| Environmental hazards      | No.    | No.    |

### Additional information

UN : **Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 material can be shipped as Packing Group III in packagings up to 450 L.

IMDG : **Emergency schedules F-E, S-E**  
**Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 material can be shipped as Packing Group III in packagings up to 450 L.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing                | : 5 December 2022  |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 5 December 2022  |
| Date of previous issue          | : 5 December 2022  |
| Version                         | : 1.01   |
| Key to abbreviations            | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>N/A = Not available<br>SGG = Segregation Group<br>UN = United Nations |

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2   | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1   | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

**IMPORTANT NOTE** The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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**UN1263 PAINT****N2170010 0383104 DS WC SEALER**

Date of issue/Date of revision

**Danger**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
May be harmful in contact with skin.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.

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